REFERENCES

Ahrensberg, N., Bhat, N., Annemieke, A., MacDonald, M. and Chackacherry, G. 2011. Integrated river basin planning: Replicable model based on the Pamba River basin pilot project . EU-India Action Plan Support Facility – Environment.

APHA, AWWA. 2005, Standard methods of examination of water and wastewater, 20th edition, IWA Publishing Washington DC, American public health association

Corcoran, E., Nellemann, C., Baker, E., Bos, R., Osborn, D.and Savelli, H. 2010. Sick Water? The central role of wastewater management in sustainable development. A Rapid Response Assessment. United Nations Environment Programme, UN-HABITAT, GRID-Arendal.

El-Rehaili, A. M. 1995. Response of BOD, COD and TOC of secondary effluents to chlorination. Water Research. 29(6) : 1571-1577.

Gleick, P.H. 1998. The human right to water. Water Policy. 1:487-503.

Kohlhammer, Y., Doring, A., Schafer, T., Wichmann, H.E. and Heinrich, J. 2006. Swimming pool attendance and hay fever rates later in life. Allergy. 61(11):1305-1309.

Kuttoor, R. 2004. Pollution continous unabated at Pamba. The Hindu Daily. Sunday, February 1.

Manka, J., Rebhun, M., Mandelbaun, A. and Bortinger, A. 1974. Characterization of organics in secondary effluents. Environmental Science Technology.8:1017-1220.

Nair, G. K. 2002. Centre to discuss Pamba pollution issue. Business Line, Financial daily from The Hindu group of publications, Tuesday, July 9.

Paterniani, JES., Ribeiro., TAP., Mantovani, M.C and Santanna M.R. 2010. Water treatment by sedimentation and slow fabric filtration using Moringa oleifera seeds. African Journal of Agricultural Research, 5(11): 1256-1263.

Postnote. 2002. Access to water in developing countries. Number 178. The Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology, London.

Rebhun, M. and Manka, J. 1971.Classification of organic in secondary effluents. Environmental Science Technology.5.606-609.

WHO. 1997. Water Pollution Control - A Guide to the Use of Water Quality Management Principles. Great Britain: WHO/UNEP.

WHO. 2003. Emerging issues in water and infectious disease. WHO Geneva.